



TIPS FOR A BIOSECURE BARN LAYOUT

Housing requirements will differ based on the requirements of the type of livestock and production system they are in. How biosecurity is implemented in the various systems may vary.

The following provides some basic tips for a biosecure barn layout.

- **Animals are contained and have access to feed and water**
- **Individual pens or cages are in good repair to prevent unintended contact or pest entry**
- **The main entry into a barn should lead into a hallway or office area and should not put you directly into an animal area**
- **Clear signage marking restricted or controlled access areas**
- **Cement pad outside of entry for easy cleaning**
- **Cement pad outside of barn clean-out areas**
- **Doors kept closed and sealed properly when closed**
- **Openings should be screened including windows, open-sided buildings, eaves, inlets, etc. to help prevent pest entry and bird nesting**
- **Equipment kept in good repair to prevent pest entry and ensure proper cleaning capability, air quality**
 - » Fans, feed bins, alley scrapers, etc.
- **Barns are properly insulated to prevent stress from temperature extremes**
- **Complete routine building and equipment inspections**
- **Production areas are free of water puddles and have good drainage**

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